



THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA



MIKTA
A partnership for progress

9th MIKTA Speakers' Consultation

SUMMARY REPORT OF THE MEETING



Introduction

- The 9th MIKTA Speaker's Consultation was hosted by The House of Representatives of Indonesia under the theme **"Strengthening Multilateralism, Addressing Intergenerational Challenges"**.
- The event included three main discussions on:
 - a. Global Governance in Question: How Parliament Should Acts?
 - b. Climate Actions Beyond Pledges and Commitments
 - c. Harnessing the Power of Youth: A Better Future

List of Delegates

The 9th MIKTA Speaker's Consultation was attended by 5 countries, consisting of 3 Speakers of Parliament, 1 Vice-President Of Senate, 1 Deputy Speaker of House of Representatives and 11 Members of Parliaments also 14 Representatives of Embassies. *(The list of participants is attached as Annex 1)*

Opening Session

H.E. Dr. (H.C). Puan Maharani, Speakers of the House of Representatives of Indonesia, welcomed the delegates and said that the world continues to change and this is a challenge that needs to be addressed immediately. The current generation is still facing fragmented geopolitical conditions, disruption to security and peace, economic and social inequality, food crises, gender inequality, environmental damage and extreme weather changes, all of which will have an impact on future generations.

In recent years, the world has faced the perfect storm, in the form of the 5C threats; Covid-19, Conflict in Gaza and Ukraine, Climate change, Commodity prices, and Cost of living.

The 9th MIKTA Speaker's Consultation session took the theme "Strengthening Multilateralism, Addressing Intergenerational Challenges". This theme was taken on the basis that current global challenges are transnational and intergenerational and that multilateral solutions are needed that involve various stakeholders, including Parliament.

MIKTA has a unique position regarding the complexity of global and regional governance structures. MIKTA could fill the void as a forum between middle power countries. MIKTA is expected to bring new hope in building a better world. MIKTA could take part as a facilitator in global governance that connects developing and developed countries across the continent. MIKTA must be a “driving force” for the good of the world. MIKTA Speaker's Consultation, which represents the voice of the people, must always bring the people's perspective and aspirations into every policy produced to respond to global problems.

HE. Mme. Tulia Ackson, President of the IPU, stated that traditionally multilateralism and diplomacy were dominated by the executive branch of government. However, current development showed that parliaments hold crucial role in international diplomacy. Parliamentary as the representation of people can ensure that the outcomes of multilateralism should reflect the need of the people. MIKTA Speakers' Consultation and IPU have the similar core to put parliamentary diplomacy in multilateral and international stages. Parliaments also have important part in translating international declarations to national realities. IPU Angola Declaration emphasized that parliaments have to work together in regulating and monitoring the implementations of the sustainable development goals.

1st Session: Global Governance in Question: How Parliament should Acts?

H.E. Dr. (H.C) Puan Maharani, Speakers of the House of Representatives of Indonesia, stated that the world is facing a multi-dimensional crisis, however the international institutions were unable to address them. The multilateral system had not changed since the UN was formed in 1945. There was an urgent need for multilateral system to adapt on 21st century realities, which must include the values of equality, solidarity, inclusiveness and international law. H.E. Mrs. Maharani also highlighted the need to empower regional organizations to resolve regional problems. She stressed on MIKTA to bring new hope in building a better world. MIKTA is expected to champion aspirations to encourage the strengthening of global solidarity and equality between countries.

H.E. Mr. Kim Jin-Pyo, Speaker of the National Assembly of the Republic of Korea, stated that to face the complexity of world's problems, parliaments play a pivotal role as significant contributors to global governance, ensuring a more efficient and effective response to global challenges that significantly impact the lives of the people they represent. H.E. Mr. Jin-Pyo highlighted three ways in which parliaments can contribute: introducing a balanced and diverse perspective to international cooperation by actively engaging with both national parliaments and international organizations; supporting and facilitating intergovernmental cooperation through legislative and appropriation powers; enhancing government accountability on the implementation of policies committed by the government to the international community.

H.E. Prof. Dr. Numan Kurtulmuş, Speaker of the Türkiye Grand National Assembly, expressed his view on how the international system failed to address the global problems, especially on the effect of war in Gaza. He emphasized on the protection of civilians, immediate ceasefire and urgent need for humanitarian aids to enter Gaza. He called for International Institutions to bring the parties involved in this humanitarian catastrophe to be brought to justice. H.E. Kurtulmus also called for institutional reforms on UN bodies, especially for UNSC in order to effectively addressing peace and security situation in the world.

H.E. Mr. Andrew McLachlan, Deputy President of the Australian Senate, stressing on collective efforts to address global challenges. Through its multilateral engagements, MIKTA was proven that no country dominates and is dominated. H.E. Mr. McLachlan emphasized on the values of tolerance and mutual understanding between MIKTA countries, so that peace and security can be achieved.

Hon. Ms. Fuensanta Guerrero Esquivel, Parliamentary Secretary of the Chamber of Deputies of the Mexican Parliament, stated that multilateral system faced criticism regarding its representativeness and efficiency within multilateral organizations. MIKTA parliamentary community held significant potential in reforming the global governance system. MIKTA parliamentary representatives should champion a more inclusive and representative global governance system, and advocate for equal participation of countries with diverse sizes and capacities in international institutions.

2nd Session: Climate Actions Beyond Pledges and Commitments

H.E. Dr. (H.C) Puan Maharani stated that climate change is becoming an increasingly urgent problem to solve. The international community has an important role to play in intensifying more ambitious climate mitigation efforts. She emphasised on several matters including: realizing climate finance commitments of USD 100 billion per year by developed countries; the realization of "loss and damage" funds to be channelled to vulnerable countries; the need to double adaptation funding before 2025; the need to make the early warning system universal before 2027.

H.E. Mr. Kim Jin-Pyo, stated that the impact of climate change is very destructive for future generations and threaten the very survival of humanity. The National Assembly of Korea have taken several legislative efforts and established a total of four special committees on the climate crisis. To overcome the climate crisis and social inequality simultaneously, there was a need for implementing climate justice which ensure the equitable distribution of responsibilities and benefits the society. MIKTA parliaments could contribute to more effective global governance on climate change by enhancing cooperation to address the climate crisis and sharing experiences in efforts to build a sustainable future.

H.E. Prof. Dr. Numan Kurtulmuş stated that the climate crisis currently faced by the earth and its inhabitants are the result from humans' actions. Pollution and environmental damages have unpredictable impacts, such as climate anomalies. The impacts of climate change can be felt by current and future generations. He emphasized that the world is our common heritage and home and that there should be no exploitation of one party over another or greed as a trigger for the climate crisis. MIKTA must come together to take real solutions for these environmental problems and to make sure that leave no one behind.

H.E. Mr. Andrew McLachlan stated that Australia supports the global commitment for net-zero emission in 2050 through decarbonizing economy and harnessing cooperations with other countries. Climate issues is a transnational problem that needs collective actions to tackle. There is an urgent need to have strong, tolerance and understanding leadership to reshape the economy and the lives of community in order to build more resilient communities. Government, Parliaments and international organisation need to take into account the voice of the youth, elder generations and indigenous people on environmental preservations.

Hon. Ms. Fuensanta Guerrero Esquivel stated that MIKTA countries have pledged decisive climate actions aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement to substantially reduce greenhouse gas emissions and limit the global temperature increase. Mexico suggested that MIKTA should establish an exclusive MIKTA database dedicated to monitoring climate change progress, including tracking legislation, budgetary allocations, and carbon dioxide emission figures. Parliamentary cooperation and diplomacy are crucial in formulating comprehensive legislative framework on regulating the carbon markets.

3rd Session: Harnessing the Power of Youth: A Better Future

H.E. Dr. (H.C) Puan Maharani, stated that the current youth population is the largest in human history, representing 16% of the global population and totaling 1.8 billion people. The youth have crucial role in achieving the SDGs as the champion of climate actions, advocate for inclusive societies, food security, as well as health and wellbeing of the society. Youth must be equipped with the skills and abilities needed by society. In addition, the young generation should also be more actively involved in politics. MIKTA Parliamentary forum should reaffirm the commitment to empowering youth for a better world.

H.E. Mr. Kim Jin-Pyo, stated that it is imperative that the voices of future generations find resonance in the decision-making process. This involves establishing a vision for the future of society, structuring social institutions to amplify the voices of young people and providing opportunities for young people to participate in the decision-making processes that will shape their future. It is not limited to domestic politics; the active involvement of youth is equally essential in international relations. It is important to continue to harness the power of the youth through the MIKTA Young Leaders Camp.

H.E. Prof. Dr. Numan Kurtulmuş stated that the youth have the important role in shaping the future. Cooperation and collaboration between the elder generation and the youth has never been more critical, as the Turkish proverb says “young people work, and the elders watch”. Nowadays, the rapid development of technology provides big opportunity as well as challenges for the young generation. It is imperative for the government and parliament to provide wide access for education, job opportunity for young generation, so they will better be equipped to face those challenges. Türkiye also supporting the continuation of MIKTA Youth forum, to harness the perspectives and aspirations of the youth in decision-making process.

H.E. Mr. Andrew McLachlan stated that it is important for the current leaders to help preparing and involving the youth as future leader. Exchange of youth through education and scholarship will strengthen mutual understanding, tolerance, and encouragement of diversity. Encourage the participation of youth regarding the issues that matter to them, as they have strong resilience and a better outlook regarding the future. It is also imperative that the current government establish the youth center which act as policy advisor and on how such policy would affect the livelihood of the youth. He added that the youth voices are important, especially in advocating the climate change issue. And it is important that the involvement of young generation in climate issue will help creating a sustained future and environment.

Hon. Ms. Fuensanta Guerrero Esquivel stated that digitalization, the displacement of job opportunities due to artificial intelligence, escalating inequality, and climate change posed challenges for current and future generation. Parliament has important role to address these challenges and create an environment wherein our youth can not only survive but also thrive. By integrating youth development programs into the intergenerational agenda, it will signify a dedication to a comprehensive and sustainable approach to governance. MIKTA needs to lead initiatives supporting youth capacity development and empowering youth-led organizations. MIKTA should bridge the generational gap, invest in the resilience and creativity of our youth in order to inherit better legacy for the future.

Additional Recommendations

1. **H.E. Mr. Kim Jin-Pyo**, suggested for financial contribution of MIKTA countries in the next forum.
2. **H.E. Prof. Dr. Numan Kurtulmuş** recommended to include representation of young parliamentarians in MIKTA forum.
3. **H.E. Mr. Andrew McLachlan** and **Hon. Ms. Fuensanta Guerrero Esquivel** agreed with South Korea and Turkiye recommendations.
4. **H.E. Dr. (H.C) Puan Maharani** stated as the chair of the meeting will take consideration on South Korea recommendation and any technical regarding this financial contribution will be discussed with government in respective countries. Indonesia supported Turkiye's suggestion regarding the inclusion of young parliamentarians in MIKTA forum as well as other multilateral forums like the IPU. This suggestion will be discussed further by the representation of each MIKTA member countries.

Closing Session

- **H.E. Dr. (H.C) Puan Maharani** emphasized that the world continues to change and there are challenges that need to be addressed immediately. In this 9th MIKTA Speakers' Consultation have had discussions, and sought solutions to various regional and global challenges through cooperation and working together. Through this forum, MIKTA Parliaments have showed that MIKTA is a platform to facilitate dialog and build bridges, seeking common ground, not widening differences, and the parliamentary diplomacy is relevant for trust building. The forum agreed that must must also work to promote global governance reforms; one that can accommodate the needs of middle powers, and developing countries; and it has to be in line with the realities of the 21st century. The forum also agreed to strengthen multilateralism through parliamentary diplomacy.
- Handover Presidency of MIKTA to **Mexico**.
- 9th MIKTA Speakers' Consultation agreed on **Chair's Statements** as integral part of the forum. (*The Chair's Statement is attached as Annex 2*)

ANNEX 1

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS 9th MIKTA SPEAKER'S CONSULTATION 19 – 21 NOVEMBER 2023 JAKARTA, INDONESIA

COUNTRIES

AUSTRALIA (8)

H.E. Mr. Andrew McLachlan	Deputy President of the Senate of the Commonwealth of Australia
Mrs. Ilona Widjojo-Mokoginta	Visits Coordination Unit Manager
Mr. Tom Coghlan	First Secretary, Embassy of Australia
Ms. Kirby Taylor	Second Secretary, Embassy of Australia
Mr. Dan Tasso	Second Secretary, Embassy of Australia
Mr. Ashton Papazahariakis	Second Secretary, Embassy of Australia
Mr. Aziz Ladha	Second Secretary, Embassy of Australia
Mr. Ario Yudhoatmojo	Senior Political Research Officer, Embassy of Australia

INDONESIA (6)

H.E. Dr. (H.C.) Puan Maharani	Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia
Hon. Mr. Lodewijk Freidrich Paulus	Deputy Speaker for Political and Security Affairs
Hon. Mr. Gilang Dhielafararez	Member of Parliament
Hon. Mrs. Irine Yusiana Putri	Member of Parliament
Hon. Mrs. Vanda Sarundajang	Member of Parliament
Hon. Mrs. Adde Rosi Khoerunnisa	Member of Parliament

MEXICO (5)

Hon. Ms. Fuensanta Guadalupe Guerrero Esquivel	Secretary of the Mexican Chamber of Deputies
Mr. José de Jesús de la Torre Robles	International Affairs and Parliamentary Relations Unit of Department of the Deputies
Head Chamber of	
Mr. Alonso Martín Gómez Favila	Charge de Affaires, Embassy of Mexico

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Mr. Rodolfo Iván García González	Head of Economic Affairs, Cooperation and Promotion, Embassy of Mexico
Mr. Jesús Agustin Roviroso Gómez	Advisor to the Hon.Ms. Guerrero Esquivel

REPUBLIC OF KOREA (32)

H.E. Mr. Kim Jinpyo	Speaker of the National Assembly of the Republic of Korea
Hon. Ms. Suh Jung Sook	Member of Parliament
Hon. Mr. Park Sungjoon	Member of Parliament
Hon. Mr. Min Byoung Dug	Member of Parliament
H.E. Mr. Lee Sangdeok	Ambassador of The Republic of Korea to The Republic of Indonesia
Mr. Jo Kyungho	Chief Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Jeong Woonjin	Ambassadorial Advisor to the Speaker for Foreign Affairs
Mr. Hwang Seung Ki	Director General of International Affairs & Protocol Bureau
Mr. Park Sangpil	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Cheong Seokbae	Director of Inter-Parliamentary Conference Division
Mr. Kim Seonghun	Director of Parliamentary Diplomacy Division
Mr. Min Joohong	Deputy Director of Parliamentary Diplomacy Division
Mr. Kim Yun Choong	Program Coordinator
Mr. Lee Jonghun	Program Coordinator
Mr. Ko Hyeongtae	Program Coordinator
Mr. Lee Seungchan	Program Coordinator
Mr. Gi Homin	Program Coordinator
Ms. Cho Seoyeon	Interpreter
Ms. Im Soyoung	Interpreter
Mr. Jung Jongsun	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Oh Jae-Ho	Secretary to the Speaker
Ms. Lee Dasom	Secretary to the Speaker
Ms. Park Junha	Secretary to the Speaker
Ms. Seo Reerah	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Lee Joyun	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Kim Jibum	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Lee Giljoon	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Hwang Moon Yong	Secretary to the Speaker
Mr. Seo Jeoungduk	Legislative Attache
Mrs. Choi Shinhye	First Secretary
Ms. Anisa Hairani	Embassy Staff
Ms. Shin Joonghee	Spouse of H.E. Mr. Kim Jinpyo

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TÜRKİYE (41)

H.E. Prof. Dr. Numan Kurtulmus	Speaker of the Grand National Assembly of Türkiye
Hon. Mr. Erkan Akçay	Member of Parliament / Deputy Chairman
Hon. Ms. Ayşe Böhürler	Member of Parliament / Chairwoman of Turkish-Indonesian Inter-parliamentary Friendship Group
Hon. Mr. Ahmet Büyükgümüş	Member of Parliament
Hon. Mr. Hasan Toktaş	Member of Parliament
H.E. Mr. Talip Küçükcan	Ambassador of Türkiye to The Republic of Indonesia
Mr. Aydın Demiröz	Chief of Cabinet to The Speaker
Mr. Ali Murat Nas	Head of Foreign Relations and Protocol Department
Mr. Ahmet Özgür	Press Advisor to the Speaker
Mr. Mehmet Yılmaz	Director of protocol to the Speaker
Mr. Selman Ertürk	Deputy chief of cabinet
Mr. Murat Celik	Head of security
Mr. Mehmet Acet	Press
Ms. Didem Özel Tümer	Press
Mr. Özgür Akbaş	Press
Ms. Ayşe Nur Yaman Karsavuranoğlu	Security
Mr. Hakan Erdoğan	Deputy head of foreign relations and protocol department
Mr. Vedat Önal	Foreign relations officer
Mr. Hakan Sağdıç	Foreign relations officer
Mr. Bayram Hakan Ariburun	Foreign relations officer
Mr. Sezr Pencik	Protocol officer
Mr. Serkan Deniz	Protocol officer
Mr. Hikmet İlhan İren	Legislative expert
Mr. Ali Kemal Akan	Correspondent
Mr. Muhammet Fatih Demirci	Official cameraman
Mr. Serkan Üstüner	Press editor
Mr. Süleyman Yılmaz	Editor
Mr. Edib Kurt	Official photographer
Mr. Müslüm Uğur Subaşı	Security
Mr. Hulusi Taşdelen	Security
Mr. Kazim Bölük	Security
Mr. Muhittin Zencirkiran	Security
Mr. Oğuzhan Bayrak	Security
Mr. Sultan Beşli	Security
Mr. Mehmet Ali Ceyhan	Doctor
Ms. Tijen Keten	Interpreter
Ms. Gülşah Yüksel	Interpreter

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Mr. Ömer Orhun Çelikkol

Mr. Erim Özen

Mr. Muhammed Kiliç

Mrs. Sevgi Kurtulmuş

Deputy Head Of Mission, First
Counsellor

First Secretary

Third Secretary

Spouse of H.E. Prof. Dr.
Numan Kurtulmus



ANNEX 2

9th MIKTA SPEAKERS' CONSULTATION

Chair's Statement

1. We, Speakers of the Parliaments of the MIKTA countries (Mexico, Indonesia, Korea, Türkiye, and Australia) gathered in Jakarta – Indonesia on 20th November 2023 for the 9th MIKTA Speakers' Consultation on “Strengthening Multilateralism, Addressing Intergenerational Challenges”, and shared and exchanged perspectives on multidimensional and intergenerational challenges, and how Parliaments can contribute to address these challenges through multilateralism in the context of global governance.
2. As a cross-regional grouping of democracies, we acknowledged MIKTA's important role in bridging divides in the multilateral system through engaging our respective regions to find creative solutions to global challenges.
3. We expressed great concern about the impacts of multiple challenges that hinder the progress of attaining the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda, which also affect the livelihood of people across the world in the present time and the future.
4. We recognized that the world continues to experience great turbulences that are affecting global peace, security and stability. We also acknowledged that the existing multilateral system must do more in addressing these matters, including among others: humanitarian catastrophe in Occupied Palestinian Territories, war in Ukraine, situation in Myanmar and security threats in the Korean Peninsula, including the nuclear threat posed by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK). We also reiterated the importance of maintaining peace, security, stability and freedom of navigation and overflight in the South China Sea and East China Sea, in accordance with international law, including UNCLOS 1982.
5. We expressed grave concern over the catastrophic humanitarian situation in the Gaza Strip and its consequences for civilians, especially for children, women and the elderly. We called for respect and protection, consistent with international humanitarian law, of all civilian and humanitarian facilities, including hospitals and other medical facilities, as well as their means of transport and equipment, schools, places of worship and United Nations



facilities. We welcomed all efforts of the international community in pursuance of peace based on a two-state solution.

6. Speakers acknowledged that there are some variations of perspectives in this regard. Some members demand that all parties comply with obligations under international law, including international humanitarian law, notably in regard to the protection of civilians. Some members underscored that all indiscriminate attacks directed against civilians must be condemned. Most members called for immediate ceasefire; sustained, unhindered and safe humanitarian access to the Gaza Strip; as well as the release of hostages and arbitrarily detained individuals.
7. We highlighted the negative impacts of the war in Ukraine. All states must refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity and sovereignty or political independence of any state in accordance with the UN Charter. We called for an immediate end of active hostilities and embrace constructive initiatives from the global community that contribute to achieving a comprehensive, fair, and lasting peace in Ukraine. We firmly believe that a durable peace can be established through diplomatic means.
8. We supported regional and international efforts to create space for diplomacy on the Korean Peninsula to urge DPRK to cease its nuclear threats and provocations and return to a path towards denuclearization, while underscoring that the use of threat or the actual use of nuclear weapons is inadmissible.
9. While underscoring MIKTA's valuable role in building understanding and consensus, we also underlined the importance of the role of Parliaments and MIKTA Speakers' Consultation in promoting dialogue and cooperation in order to uphold the universal values of humanity, justice, and inclusiveness on the basis of multilateralism.
10. We supported ongoing efforts to reform and strengthen the multilateral system with the United Nations at its core through the effective engagement of relevant stakeholders, including Parliaments, based on respect for international law. We underscored that challenges are inter-connected and can only be addressed through reinvigorated multilateralism, reforms and international cooperation. We look forward to the success and meaningful conclusion of the Summit of the Future 2024. We emphasized the imperative for a revitalized multilateralism that can effectively address the contemporary global challenges of the 21st century. This entails making global governance more effective, credible, transparent, and accountable based on fair representation.



11. We further underscored that climate change, biodiversity loss, drought, pollution, land degradation and desertification present additional challenges to the progress of global post-pandemic recovery. Thus, We will continue to play their part in promoting inclusive and sustainable development including in addressing climate change. We aim to explore collaborations with all constituents to continuously strengthen climate actions, in line with different national circumstances. In this context, we recognized the importance of investing in sustainable ways of living, promoting sustainable consumption and production practices, and transitioning towards more sustainable energy sources.
12. We further stressed that decisions and actions made today will have crucial impacts on the prospects of future generations and those current issues, such as war and conflicts, poverty, increasing inequalities and unemployment, social exclusion and discrimination, environmental degradation, and technological and digital divide, which must be resolved through international cooperation for the benefit of both current and future generations.
13. We are committed to ensure that the needs and interests of future generations are not compromised by the burdens of the past, to foster greater international cooperation in addressing current global issues, to promote intergenerational solidarity and equity, and to inherit a better world for future generations. We emphasized the paramount significance of bolstering international cooperation to enhance the living conditions of children and youth on a global scale. It is crucial to ensure that children and youth, who represent the future of the world, are nurtured in a secure and protective environment.
14. We encouraged investing in inclusive decision-making process which involves current generation and the youth to formulate and implement long-term and sustainable policies, as well as embedding the interests of future generations in national and international legal instruments.
15. We extended appreciation and gratitude to the Indonesian House of Representatives for its steadfast leadership in chairing and hosting the 9th MIKTA Speakers' Consultation.