



## **ANNEX 2**

## 9th MIKTA SPEAKERS' CONSULTATION

## **Chair's Statement**

- 1. We, Speakers of the Parliaments of the MIKTA countries (Mexico, Indonesia, Korea, Türkiye, and Australia) gathered in Jakarta Indonesia on 20<sup>th</sup> November 2023 for the 9<sup>th</sup> MIKTA Speakers' Consultation on "Strengthening Multilateralism, Addressing Intergenerational Challenges", and shared and exchanged perspectives on multidimensional and intergenerational challenges, and how Parliaments can contribute to address these challenges through multilateralism in the context of global governance.
- 2. As a cross-regional grouping of democracies, we acknowledged MIKTA's important role in bridging divides in the multilateral system through engaging our respective regions to find creative solutions to global challenges.
- 3. We expressed great concern about the impacts of multiple challenges that hinder the progress of attaining the Sustainable Development Goals of the 2030 Agenda, which also affect the livelihood of people across the world in the present time and the future.
- 4. We recognized that the world continues to experience great turbulences that are affecting global peace, security and stability. We also acknowledged that the existing multilateral system must do more in addressing these matters, including among others: humanitarian catastrophe in Occupied Palestinian Territories, war in Ukraine, situation in Myanmar and security threats in the Korean Peninsula, including the nuclear threat posed by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK). We also reiterated the importance of maintaining peace, security, stability and freedom of navigation and overflight in the South China Sea and East China Sea, in accordance with international law, including UNCLOS 1982.
- 5. We expressed grave concern over the catastrophic humanitarian situation in the Gaza Strip and its consequences for civilians, especially for children, women and the elderly. We called for respect and protection, consistent with international humanitarian law, of all civilian and humanitarian facilities, including hospitals and other medical facilities, as well as their means of transport and equipment, schools, places of worship and United Nations





facilities. We welcomed all efforts of the international community in pursuance of peace based on a two-state solution.

- 6. Speakers acknowledged that there are some variations of perspectives in this regard. Some members demand that all parties comply with obligations under international law, including international humanitarian law, notably in regard to the protection of civilians. Some members underscored that all indiscriminate attacks directed against civilians must be condemned. Most members called for immediate ceasefire; sustained, unhindered and safe humanitarian access to the Gaza Strip; as well as the release of hostages and arbitrarily detained individuals.
- 7. We highlighted the negative impacts of the war in Ukraine. All states must refrain from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity and sovereignty or political independence of any state in accordance with the UN Charter. We called for an immediate end of active hostilities and embrace constructive initiatives from the global community that contribute to achieving a comprehensive, fair, and lasting peace in Ukraine. We firmly believe that a durable peace can be established through diplomatic means.
- 8. We supported regional and international efforts to create space for diplomacy on the Korean Peninsula to urge DPRK to cease its nuclear threats and provocations and return to a path towards denuclearization, while underscoring that the use of threat or the actual use of nuclear weapons is inadmissible.
- 9. While underscoring MIKTA's valuable role in building understanding and consensus, we also underlined the importance of the role of Parliaments and MIKTA Speakers' Consultation in promoting dialogue and cooperation in order to uphold the universal values of humanity, justice, and inclusiveness on the basis of multilateralism.
- 10. We supported ongoing efforts to reform and strengthen the multilateral system with the United Nations at its core through the effective engagement of relevant stakeholders, including Parliaments, based on respect for international law. We underscored that challenges are inter-connected and can only be addressed through reinvigorated multilateralism, reforms and international cooperation. We look forward to the success and meaningful conclusion of the Summit of the Future 2024. We emphasized the imperative for a revitalized multilateralism that can effectively address the contemporary global challenges of the 21st century. This entails making global governance more effective, credible, transparent, and accountable based on fair representation.





- 11. We further underscored that climate change, biodiversity loss, drought, pollution, land degradation and desertification present additional challenges to the progress of global post-pandemic recovery. Thus, We will continue to play their part in promoting inclusive and sustainable development including in addressing climate change. We aim to explore collaborations with all constituents to continuously strengthen climate actions, in line with different national circumstances. In this context, we recognized the importance of investing in sustainable ways of living, promoting sustainable consumption and production practices, and transitioning towards more sustainable energy sources.
- 12. We further stressed that decisions and actions made today will have crucial impacts on the prospects of future generations and those current issues, such as war and conflicts, poverty, increasing inequalities and unemployment, social exclusion and discrimination, environmental degradation, and technological and digital divide, which must be resolved through international cooperation for the benefit of both current and future generations.
- 13. We are committed to ensure that the needs and interests of future generations are not compromised by the burdens of the past, to foster greater international cooperation in addressing current global issues, to promote intergenerational solidarity and equity, and to inherit a better world for future generations. We emphasized the paramount significance of bolstering international cooperation to enhance the living conditions of children and youth on a global scale. It is crucial to ensure that children and youth, who represent the future of the world, are nurtured in a secure and protective environment.
- 14. We encouraged investing in inclusive decision-making process which involves current generation and the youth to formulate and implement long-term and sustainable policies, as well as embedding the interests of future generations in national and international legal instruments.
- 15. We extended appreciation and gratitude to the Indonesian House of Representatives for its steadfast leadership in chairing and hosting the 9<sup>th</sup> MIKTA Speakers' Consultation.